

TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, MARCH 31.

Robert Watson has been declared elected member for Marquette.

In a revolt on the Camoro islands on the west coast of Africa 300 people were massacred.

Attorney-general Martin was re-elected to the Manitoba legislature at Portage la Prairie by 61 majority.

The Canadian Pacific railway has secured running privileges over the New York Central railway into New York City.

The Canadian government purposes requesting the imperial authorities to prohibit Newfoundland from discriminating in favor of United States fishing vessels in the regulations for the sale of bait.

The governor-general in council has received a memorial, signed by every Roman Catholic prelate in Canada asking the disallowance of the act passed by the Manitoba legislature abolishing Roman Catholic separate schools in that province. The memorial characterizes this legislation as pernicious and detrimental to Roman Catholic rights.

WINNIPEG, April 1.

Earl Granville died on Tuesday.

President Harrison starts on April 15th to visit the Pacific coast.

Edwin Booth, the eminent tragedien, announces his farewell appearance on the stage on Saturday.

The Italian minister has been recalled from Washington on account of the New Orleans outrage.

Lucien Duval and wife of Newport, Nova Scotia, discovered the other day that they were brother and sister and both suicided.

Nearly 500 European immigrants arrived from Halifax yesterday on their way to the Northwest, besides 100 French Canadians returning from the New England States.

An Ottawa despatch says that the government has decided to allow the Manitoba school act to remain in force, but will assist Roman Catholics in appeals to the courts.

The native British forces at Malinur, province of Assam, India, were attacked and overpowered by hostile tribes. Nearly 500 were killed. The authorities feel capable of putting down the rebellion.

On Sunday last Rev. Mr. Mulligan, a Presbyterian minister of Toronto during service in his church prayed the Almighty to make the Prince of Wales fit for the throne of England, or prevent his getting there.

WINNIPEG, April 2.

The provincial legislature of Nova Scotia opened on Thursday.

Thos. C. Baring, head of the great banking house of Baring Bros. died in London, England on Thursday.

The solicitor for Bremner, the Bresaylor half breed, has presented a memorial to the governor-general claiming \$16,000 damages to furs, farm stock and implements during the late Northwest rebellion.

An engagement between the insurgent navy and the government naval and military forces in Valparaiso harbor, Chili, resulted in the destruction of one vessel each and seventeen government and nine insurgent troops killed.

WINNIPEG, April 3.

General Pike, a prominent mason and poet, died on Thursday, aged 81.

The election in North Sligo on Thursday resulted in the defeat of the Parnellite candidate by a thousand majority.

D. D. Mann, C. & E. railway contractor, leaves Ottawa for the west on the 11th. He says work on the C. & E. will be commenced on the 15th.

Jas. T. Sweet, of Boulder, Montana, telegraphed the United States secretary of war offering 500 mountaineers from Jefferson county in case of war with Italy.

Comptroller White of the Northwest mounted police says he has information from the Northwest stating that the Indians were never more peaceably inclined at this time of year. Police patrols which were taken in during the winter have been renewed.

The Grippe has attacked Chicago, Minneapolis and other United States cities recently with great severity. Over 1,500 deaths from that disease and resulting complications have occurred in Chicago. There are 10,000 cases in Minneapolis.

The time for the possible disallowance of the Manitoba school act will expire on April 12th.

LOCAL.

Snow almost all gone.

WEATHER beautiful and springlike.

WATER running on the ice of the river.

MISS SEGERS arrived on Monday's stage.

THE Misses Segers left for the Landing on Thursday.

THREE geese were seen on the H. B. flat on Sunday last.

STREETS are drying up well, but roads outside of town are very bad.

G. W. HISLOP, manager of the H. B. Co. store, Edmonton, has gone east to purchase goods.

W. G. IBBOTSON has been appointed assessor of the Edmonton public school district at a salary of \$50.

JOHN CAMERON of A. Macdonald & Co. left on Tuesday for Calgary and Winnipeg with E. Flensing, to purchase goods.

THOS. BLUFF of Red Deer, accompanied by Geo. Bluff and Geo. H. Bluff of Toronto, arrived on Monday to look up land.

FROM three pounds of Cluster oats sown by Charles Carson of the Sturgeon settlement, last spring he got a yield of 120 pounds.

JOHN HOWE, who arrived from England last winter, is erecting a frame residence at Sandy lake. Fraser & Co. contractors.

THE Kamloops Sentinel of March 21st mentions the arrival there of W. M. Pike, who recently passed through Edmonton from the north.

MRS. A. E. SUTHERLAND of Red Deer arrived on Saturday last and took charge of East Edmonton public school at the opening of the term on Wednesday.

SEVENTY-FIVE homestead entries were made in the Edmonton land office from December 1st, 1890 to April 1st, 1891. A large proportion were made in March.

FOUR French Canadian immigrants from Dakota arrived from Calgary on Tuesday night, bringing their own wagons and teams. They have gone to St. Albert.

EGGS are abundant and the price now ranges from 20c to 25c. Butter is still very scarce at 30c and 35c. Oats are selling at 40c. Potatoes range from 35c to 50c.

K. A. McLEOD writes from Fairhaven, Washington, U. S. A., that real estate is flat there this winter and times rather dull, but a renewal of the boom is expected in the spring.

E. CAREY returned from Calgary and Banff on Monday, accompanied by a Dakota land prospector. His father E. F. Carey of Norris & Carey was being greatly benefitted by the mineral springs.

THE Dominion Illustrated of March 21st gives a winter view of St. Hilaire Mountain, Quebec; a big tree in Stanley park, Vancouver, B. C.; the penitentiary, Kingston, Ont. Sketches of Glasgow, Scotland, etc.

M. McCauley returned from the Landing on Monday. The H. B. machinery for the Athabasca steamer had reached the Landing safely. Piers are being built in the river for a steamboat landing. There is more snow at the Landing than at Edmonton.

THE annual meeting of the congregation of the Edmonton Presbyterian church was held on Wednesday evening, W. Johnstone Walker chairman. The reports showed the congregation to be in a most flourishing condition both as to membership and finance. The office bearers for the ensuing year were elected.

ANDREW WATTERSON, Thomas Watterson and Andrew Angus, farmers of the Ottawa valley arrived on Monday evening to look up locations in the Edmonton district. They were induced to come here by the representations made by R. McKernan during his recent visit east. They expect to locate a large colony from Eastern Ontario.

THE reports of the British farmer delegates who visited Canada including the Northwest last fall have been published in pamphlet form for general distribution by the Canadian government. The reports are favorable and practical and should have a good effect upon the class of old country people whom it would be most desirable to secure as settlers in Canada.

A PAMPHLET on the establishment of cheese factories and creameries has been received from the Central experimental farm at Ottawa. The pamphlet sketches the organization of a company; the working details of the business, and an inventory of the plant required. Copies in English or French may be obtained free by application to the Dairy commissioner, Central experimental farm, Ottawa.

On Friday, March 20th H. Bell of the Sturgeon received a very severe cut in the instep of his right foot while chopping timber in the woods. He is improving slowly.

THE Chicago Graphic of March 21st devotes some space to illustrations relating to the World's fair, gives photos of the new Italian cabinet, scenes in India etc. An item in the Graphic mentions that the recently taken U. S. census shows that the negro population is increasing less rapidly in the Gulf States than the white; while the contrary was almost universally believed to be the case.

THE H. B. Company is desirous of securing samples of grain grown in the Edmonton district for exhibition in the offices and agencies of the company in Winnipeg and elsewhere. A number of sample bags have already been distributed to farmers to secure samples, and bags will be furnished to any other farmers who are willing to furnish grain for exhibition purposes. The name of the grower and the section, township and range will be placed on each bag.

THE Easter meeting of All Saint's church, Edmonton, was held on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the church. The attendance was very fair. The accounts of last year were presented showing that the church was in good standing financially, after having paid for the removal of the church building from its old site near M. Groat's to McKay avenue. Mr. Beecher was again elected church warden and the following gentlemen were elected vestrymen for the ensuing year: Dr. Wilson, Joseph McDonald, Henry Fraser, E. J. Bangs, J. McKernan and John Looby.

THE Colchester, Nova Scotia, Canadian gives the following obituary notice of Thomas Fulton, father of L. Fulton, East Edmonton: We regret to announce the death of Mr. Thomas Fulton, of Fort Ellis, a notice of which appears in the usual column. Mr. Fulton was born on the 30th of March, 1811, and died about 6 o'clock last Saturday morning, the 7th inst., and was therefore within a few weeks of 80 years of age. Deceased was an elder in the Presbyterian church, having been elected to that office in January 1858. He was a man of good moral principles, a friend of temperance and respected generally. He was about six months sick and was confined to his room for one week before his death. He bore his sufferings with christian resignation and passed away peacefully to eternal rest. He leaves a widow and a large family of children, but all his brothers and sisters are dead.

THE C. P. R. has been considering the question of encouraging immigration from Seattle, Tacoma and Puget Sound generally to the Northwest. It appears that the rush to the coast has carried out there many people whose object in going was to secure farms. As the area available for farming purposes is but small, a large proportion have necessarily been disappointed and are looking about for a region that shall give the opportunities which the coast only promised. The regular rates from Vancouver to Calgary are as follows: Settlers' effects in less than car loads \$2 25 per 100 pounds. In car loads \$8 40 per 100 pounds. It has been arranged that upon proof of settlement upon Dominion lands in the Territories or upon C. P. R. lands, a refund of one half of these rates will be allowed. To the rates quoted 15c per 100 pounds would have to be added upon shipment from Seattle and Tacoma. The regular immigrant fare from Seattle and Tacoma to Calgary is \$30, one half of this would also be refunded upon similar proof of settlement. Working details have not yet been fully arranged, but any cases which arise meantime, will be treated specially so that settlers will get the benefit of the reductions stated.

THE first party of Rev. Father Morin's French Canadian colonists arrived on Thursday from Calgary in twelve wagons. Six more wagons will arrive shortly. The whole party numbers 65. Of these 27 are men, 8 are married women accompanying their husbands and the remaining 30 children, of whom some are full grown. They had intended coming to Red Deer by train but declined to pay the charge of \$40 per car, preferring to purchase extra teams in Calgary and drive all the way. This accounts for the delay in arrival. Two delegates, Messrs. Morin and Paradis, accompany the colonists to report up - the country for other intending immigrants from Quebec. On their arrival in Edmonton the party were served with lunch by the Rev. Sisters of St. Joseph's school, and were highly pleased at the kind reception accorded them. They went on at once to St. Albert and will be quartered in some of the mission buildings there until they secure claims and erect dwellings.

At the Easter meeting of the members of the Church of England, on Monday, March 30th at the residence of W. H. Carson, Sturgeon river, the following officers were elected: W. H. Carson, Dr. Newton's church warden, Wm. Taylor, the peoples church warden. Vestrymen: George Taylor, D. Craig, A. Carson, R. C. Dobbin, W. Latimer, K. Powell, Jas. Becket, A. Cameron. Foundation timber is out and work will be commenced at once on a church building, on the government grant of forty acres, on the southwest quarter of section 1, tp. 56, range 24. The building will be 28x40, frame.

THE tale of the hare and the tortoise was illustrated in a striking manner in Edmonton this week. Two land hunters were out prospecting on the Stony plain, the one on horseback and the other outfitted with an ox hitched in a broken buggy. Both chose the same quarter section, the ox man having examined the land and started for town a little ahead of the horse man. He was soon overtaken and left out of sight by the latter who had no fear that the ox would overtake him. Getting near town and it being about noon he called at a friend's house a little off the road to have dinner. The dinner was good, the friends friendly, valuable ideas were exchanged as to the new property—and time slipped away. At last the visit ended and the land seeker started out. He looked back up the road but could see no sign of the ox, and thinking how lucky it was that he had a good horse under him that day he started for the land office to secure his farm. But as he came in sight of the building, he saw a man, an ox and a broken buggy turn away from the door and move slowly—oh so slowly—towards town. The ox man had entered for the land about a minute and a half before.

AN article on the Hudson's Bay Company and its business in the north appearing in a recent issue of the Calgary Tribune contains a good deal of information that will surprise the Hudson's Bay Company and every one else, who has any acquaintance with northern affairs. From this article it appears that the distance from Edmonton to Lake St. Ann is 70 miles and to Victoria 100 miles. That a Hudson's Bay steamer runs to Lesser Slave lake; that there is a portage of fifteen miles at the Grand rapids of the Athabasca, which extends to Fort McMurray; that Fort Good Hope is the company's most northern post; that the propeller Wrigley is larger than the river steamers Athabasca and Grahame, being 300 feet in length; that the steamers carry goods "up" and furs "down" the Mackenzie; that they carry the company's goods exclusively; that it is 300 miles from Slave lake to Edmonton; that the Beaver Indians claim to belong to the Sarcee tribe—the claim being the other way—that train dogs are trained from "infancy;" etc. Except in these and a few other particulars the half-column article is fairly accurate.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTRAY.

Came into my hand at Poplar lake last fall, a yearling steer, with white stripe across forehead. No brand. Owner is requested to prove property pay expenses and take away.
A. HUTCHINGS.

BUTTER WANTED.

Full supply of garden seeds on hand. Timothy seed, Clover and Grass seeds.
P. DALY & CO.

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NORTHERN GROWN TREES. PORT ELGIN NURSERIES.

One and two year old apple trees, Ironclads and best kinds, \$1 50 per doz., postpaid. All kinds of Evergreen Trees, Grapes, Currants, Gooseberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, Strawberries, Roses and Asparagus Roots equally cheap by mail. Thirty varieties Potatoes. Descriptive catalogue and magnificent Dahlia sent for two 3c. stamps to pay the postage. Catalogues alone free.

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NOTICE

Parties wishing to sell farms or other lands may find purchasers by applying to the undersigned. Properties on north side of river preferred.

GEO. A. WATSON, Barrister.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, APRIL 4 1891

BLAKE'S LETTER.

On the evening of election day Edward Blake—the great and only—laid before the public in a letter to his late constituents of West Durham, Ontario, his views on the respective policies of the liberal and the liberal conservative parties; these views being his reasons for not asking re-election in West Durham and incidentally for not taking any part in the election contest just closed. As Mr. Blake was for many years the light and hope of one political party in Canada, and not less the fear of other, and as, besides, his ability, honesty and patriotism have been acknowledged by all Canadians, it was only to be expected that this expression of his views at a most important point in his career should receive wide attention from all parties and persons who take note of the politics of the country. While Mr. Blake as a political power may have been overrated in the past, there is no doubt that he was a power. It was only natural that the party from which he felt compelled to withdraw should bitterly resent the loss of prestige and strength resulting from his action; and as natural that their opponents should resent his refusal to ally himself with them. Therefore it could only be expected that on both sides his motives should be challenged and his arguments misrepresented, each party endeavoring to lessen by fair or foul means the effect of his words and act in opening the eyes of the general public to the shortcomings and the fallacies of both. The Globe on behalf of the liberal party has chosen to take the extraordinary line of argument that by his letter Mr. Blake is proven to be an annexationist. The Empire takes the not less extraordinary line that he charges annexation sentiments against the liberal party, and that believing this he acted the part of a coward and traitor in not throwing his influence on the government side. Other less partizan journals take the still more extraordinary line that as Mr. Blake did not believe in the policy of either party—and his letter proves as plainly as a statement of facts logically arranged can prove anything that both policies are a mistake—it was his duty to have outlined a better policy, and that his failure to do this disproves his own arguments.

In regard to the Globe's charge of being an annexationist, it need only be pointed out that the letter states as plainly as words can, that the reason why Mr. Blake cannot continue to act with the liberal party is because he does not approve of its policy of commercial union, and that the reason he does not approve of that policy is because he believes that if given effect it would tend towards annexation. As to the Empire's charge of being a coward and traitor because he did not allow himself to be used by the conservative party, it may be mentioned that Mr. Blake takes some pains to prove that it is the utter failure of that party and its policy to meet the aspirations of the people that gives strength to the demand for commercial union, and alone brings annexation within the range of possibility. While he does not charge annexationist sentiments to either party, he does charge that the policies pursued by the one and proposed by the other both tend in that direction. As to the third charge, that his failure to announce a policy disproves his charges against existing policies, it is purely nonsense. The statements made by Mr. Blake against the policies of both parties are either facts or they are not facts. In either case his arguments or his action do not affect their truth. So far his facts remain absolutely uncontradicted and his arguments unchallenged. His letter was written to give his reasons for retiring from political life. He gives those reasons fully and plainly. He does all that the case requires. To do more would be to undo what had been done. To have incorporated an announcement of policy in a letter of retirement would have been a plain piece of political dishonesty, of which Mr. Blake

might be guilty but not Mr. Blake. It is some years since Mr. Blake ceased to sustain the responsibility of a political leader. At the time of his retirement he was only a private in the ranks, and it is unfair to charge upon him the responsibility of framing a policy which other and less able minds have so confidently assumed. That Mr. Blake considers himself to have been a failure in politics his retirement is proof. His experience leads him to believe that such a policy as he would announce, however nearly it might meet their views, would not be acted upon by his fellow countrymen under present circumstances.

Because Mr. Blake has pointed out so vividly the difficulties which surround the present political situation in Canada and has not pointed out any way of escape from those difficulties it does not follow either that the difficulties themselves are so great as his masterly arrangement of facts would lead the average reader to suppose; or that though they were twice as great there is no escape from them. Mr. Blake has been a politician all his life and he looks at everything in its political aspect and from a political standpoint. The politics of the country are not the whole country nor are its politicians the whole people. There is no doubt that morally, socially, industrially and financially Canada is sound and vigorous, and there is no reason to suppose that a country so situated is in danger of national collapse because its politics are a little musty. The country produces politics and politicians—they do not produce the country. From time to time the crop may be a little above or a little below the standard, but as long as the heart of the nation is sound it is not in danger from its politicians. If those now before the public in the government or in the opposition do not express the ever-broadening national aspirations in their policy they must make room for others who will. That the policy of both parties is falling out of touch with public opinion as it exists to-day is shown by the defection of many prominent liberals like Mr. Blake from the liberal party and the defection of many whole constituencies in Ontario and Quebec from the conservative party. These very defections are proof that the country is not altogether in the hands of the politicians, that the right of private judgement is freely exercised, and that however nearly the action of one political party or the other may bring on a crisis in national affairs the sound judgment and sound patriotism of the people can be depended on to avert it. Because there is no fireworks policy now before the public likely to be adopted it does not follow that the country is going to the dogs. The "inglorious policy of drift" to which Mr. Blake alludes may be very "inglorious" but within limits it is very conducive to health and strength and growth, inasmuch as it gains time, and time is the one thing needed to make Canada a great nation. On Mr. Blake's own evidence we have everything else that is required.

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OUR DOMINION.

Commercial.

Canada has grown immensely in area since confederation. The Dominion has not yet celebrated its twenty-fourth birthday, but the country has made wonderful progress in every direction. The area of Canada at confederation was about 400,000 square miles. When the Dominion came into existence in 1867, it consisted of what are now the four provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. These provinces now have an aggregate area of about 465,000 square miles. The boundaries of Ontario and Quebec, have been considerably extended since confederation. Canada has doubled its original area several times over in the short time of its existence. In 1870 Manitoba and the great west was incorporated in the Dominion. In 1871 British Columbia joined hands and entered confederation, thus extending our boundaries to the western islands of the Pacific ocean. In 1873 the island colony of Prince Edward east in her lot with Canada. The total area of the country now stands at 3,379,000 square miles. This does not include 140,000 square miles of lake and river area within the boundaries of the Dominion, which makes the total area 3,519,000 square miles. Without Alaska, Canada is therefore 500,000 square miles larger than the United States. Including Alaska, the area of the latter country is 3,602,990 square miles, or slightly larger than Canada.

In length from east to west Canada is about 3,500 miles, and about 1,400 miles, from north to south. The colony of Newfoundland, which includes the island of the same name and Labrador on the mainland, are the only remaining portions of British North America not now included in the Dominion. These two divisions have an area of about 160,000 square miles, something over 40,000 of which comprise the island, and the balance the Labrador coast. This territory is required to round off the Dominion on the east coast, and no doubt in time the "oldest colony" will cast in her lot with Canada.

Nor has the wonderful growth of the Dominion been confined to territorial expansion alone. In population, wealth, commercial advancement, railways, shipping, and the general development of our resources, we have made progress almost beyond conception. In all these respects we lead all the countries of the new world. The best available statistics show that in population Canada has increased nearly twice as fast as the United States. In the last 100 years the population of the territory forming the Dominion of Canada, is estimated to have increased thirty-two to thirty-five fold. The United States is estimated to have increased during the same time from sixteen to twenty fold. In 1875 Winnipeg had a population of about 300. It is now not far from 30,000. In 1885 the site of the present city of Vancouver was marked by a solitary saw mill, surrounded by dense woods. Vancouver now has about 20,000 people. The cities and towns of Canada have increased on an aggregate 50 per cent. between 1881 and 1890, while the aggregate assessment increased 68 per cent. for the same time. Toronto increased 123 per cent. within the period mentioned, in population.

In shipping Canada stands away up among the great maritime countries of the world, our registered tonnage amounting to 1,089,642. This is only a trifle under the German empire, the latter being exceeded only by Great Britain and the united kingdom of Sweden and Norway.

In railways the Dominion has made wonderful progress. We have the longest railway in the world. The first railway in Canada was opened in 1836. This was a short line of sixteen miles, between Laprairie and St. Johns, Quebec. In 1850 there were 71 miles of railway in the country. We now have 15,000 miles of railway. Ten or eleven years ago there were no railways in Canada, west of Lake Superior. Now there are in this territory about 3,500. In 1875 they carried 5,190,000 passengers. In 1889 they carried 12,150,000 passengers. Within the same period the freight carried increased from 5,670,000 tons, to 17,928,000 tons. Only four countries in the world have a greater railway mileage than Canada. This country has a mile of railway for every 380 persons, while the United States has one mile for every 431 of population.

Upon its system of canals the Dominion has expended about \$60,000,000. Canada's canal system is one of the greatest in the world, and yet it is only in its infancy. The country possesses vast stretches of inland navigation, which can be expanded enormously by further canal and other improvements.

Another point which will show the wonderful growth of the Dominion, is its banking business. Bank and savings-bank deposits have increased about \$100,000,000 in the last ten years. Bank discounts have increased about \$65,000,000. The total amount on deposit in 1889 was about \$207,466,000, or equal to \$40 per head of population. In 1869, the earliest date for which statistics are procurable, the amount of fire insurance in force in

Canada was \$188,359,000. In 1888 insurance in force had grown to \$650,735,000. In 1869 the amount of life insurance in force was \$35,650,000. In 1888 it had grown to \$211,761,000. The amount of life insurance effected in 1869 was \$1,156,000 by Canadian companies, \$2,627,000 by British companies, and \$9,069,000 by United States companies; total \$12,854,000 by all companies. In 1888 Canadian companies alone did \$24,876,000 worth of business and the total new insurance effected was \$41,226,000. The total foreign trade of Canada, export and import, in 1879, was \$40.27 per capita. The foreign trade of the United States for the same year was \$22.88. The latter country no doubt has a larger domestic commerce, statistics of which it is impossible to obtain with any degree of reliability. Canada's domestic trade has undoubtedly increased at a much more rapid rate of late years than her foreign trade.

STRAYED

One small red and white heifer two years old in spring, branded U L on left hip. Any one having the same in their band will kindly inform the undersigned.

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The undersigned begs to thank his customers for their patronage and to solicit a continuance of the same to his successor in the meat trade JAS. McKERNAN who will collect and settle all accounts and bills to date.

R. McKERNAN.

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A LARGE STOCK JUST ARRIVED

NOW IS THE TIME THEY ARE WANTED.

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SYRUP IN KEGS AND CANS,
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FLOUR OF THE BEST GRADES,
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PATENT MEDICINES,
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DRY GOODS,
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STRAW HATS,
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MEN'S CLOTHING AND UNDERWEAR,
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AN ASSORTMENT OF MEN'S LEATHER
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ETC., ETC., ETC.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,

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ASSORTMENT OF GOODS.

OATS, BUTTER AND EGGS TAKEN AT
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HIGHEST MARKET PRICES FOR FURS.
NO ONE HAVING EVEN A MUSK-
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SELL IT WITHOUT
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JUST ARRIVED
CUTTERS AND BORSLEIGHS

A large assortment of Wood Repairs for
Sleighs, Cutters, Wagons, Buckboards and
Buggies. Also Handies and Beans. Also
some oak plank.

W. FIELDERS.



PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given warning all persons against settling on the Indian Reserve known as "Pass-Pass-Chase's Reserve" situated at Two Hills, five miles south of Edmonton on the Calgary trail, the same being bounded as follows viz:

"By a line beginning at a post in mound, 'twenty-eight chains and forty-six links, 'more or less, North, and seventy-one chains 'and seventy-five links, more or less, West 'of the North East corner of Section 7, Tp. '52, Range, 24, West of the 10th. Initial Merid- 'ian, and running East five hundred and 'sixty chains, more or less, to a post, thence 'South four hundred and fifty-three chains 'and forty-three links, more or less to a post, 'thence West five hundred and sixty-two 'chains and seven links, more or less, to a 'post and thence North four hundred and 'fifty-seven chains and fourteen links to the 'point of beginning."

Further notice is hereby given that no compensation will be allowed for any improvements that may be found on any portion of the said Reserve at time of sale thereof.

By order of
The Supt. Gen'l of Indian Affairs,
(Sgd.) HAYTER REED,
Commissioner of Indian Affairs,
for Man. and N. W. T.

Regina,
June 9th, 1890.



K. RAYMER.

STATIONER AND JEWELER.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

Repairs and Warranted

EDMONTON PUBLIC SCHOOL.

March 1891.

SENIOR DEPARTMENT.

Standard V.—Maximum 640.—Alex McCauley 587; Nettie Henderson 577; Annie Robertson 564; Charles Henderson 562; George Verey 561; Walter Henderson 534; Lily McCauley 505; George Tate 494; Edith Young 472; Janet Lauder 471; James Ross 471; Howard Cameron 468; Lulu Kernohan 439; Wm. Groat 272.

Standard IV.—Maximum 320.—Maggie McCauley 269; Lennie Goodridge 238; Olive Ross 234; Emma Rowland 233; James Fraser 222; Birdie Young 200; Jennie Goodridge 190; Lulu Connor 178; Thos. Henderson 170.

Standard III.—Maximum 290.—Edna Munroe 260; Bella Henderson 255; Fannie Verey 251; Kitty Verey 250; Annie McKernan 221; Norman Lauder 180; Maria Fraser 177; Lizzie Gairdner 128.

Average daily attendance 35.

E. RICHARDSON, teacher.

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.

March 1891.

Standard II. (Senior).—Alice McDougall, Maggie Henderson, Hattie Oliver, George Groat, Maud Lauder, James Kennedy, Mary Groat, Sam. Rowland, Lavisa Fraser, Willie Young.

Standard II (Junior).—Dora Oliver, Donald Ross, John McKernan, John McDougall, W. Young, Mabel McCauley, Bertie McCauley, Robbie Robertson, Chas. Verey, Geo. Young, Frank Martin, Roderick Fraser, Chas. Monro.

Standard I (Senior).—Maggie Rowland, Graham Walker, May McCauley, Elvira McKernan, Willie McKernan, Jas. McDougall, Maggie Groat, Emma Kennedy, Fred Fraser, Wallace Young.

Standard I (Junior).—Alex. Cameron, Fred Young, Maggie Gairdner, Clara Proctor, Grace Walker, Grace Robertson, Clara Lauder, Katie Gairdner, Amelia Rowland, Archie Gairdner.

Average daily attendance 39.

L. M. OSBORNE, teacher.

In October last chief of police Hennessey of New Orleans was murdered—as supposed by an Italian secret society known as the Mafia. Nineteen Italians supposed to be members of this society were arrested and stood a trial lasting 25 days which resulted in their acquittal by the jury; which public opinion decided was either bribed or terrorized by the Mafia society. On March 14th, the day after the acquittal a mob numbering thousands including many leading and ordinarily law abiding citizens of New Orleans broke into the jail in which the prisoners were still confined and shot or hanged eleven of the Italians. The authorities did not resist the mob or protect the prisoners. There are about one million Italians in the United States and they threaten reprisals and demand protection from the Italian government, which the latter appears willing to extend. Secretary Blaine has demanded on explanation of the affair from the governor of Louisiana, for the purpose of dealing with the Italian government regarding it, and rumor says has been given very little satisfaction, as the lynching is looked upon as justifiable.

Three hundred striking Hungarians attacked Frisk's iron works, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania on Thursday morning. The sheriff's force guarding the place fired upon them killing eleven and wounding about fifty. Several constables were wounded, more trouble followed and the militia were called out.

Oats are 43 to 44c in Winnipeg for feed and 46c to 48c for seed; barley 30c to 40c a bushel for feed; butter scarce at 20c for tub and 25c for fresh; eggs scarce at 24c.

The late Shelton of Montreal left the bulk of his fortune of a quarter of a million to the church of England mission fund.

The West Assinibola vote was Davin 1,011, Tweed 684—majority for Davin 327.

The Imperial bank is establishing a branch at Prince Albert.

BIRTH.

FULTON—On Saturday, March 28th, the wife of D. S. Fulton, East Edmonton, of a daughter.

DEATH.

FULTON—On March 7th at Lower Stewiacke, Colchester county, Nova Scotia, Thomas Fulton, father of L. Fulton, East Edmonton, in the 80th year of his age.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Saturday morning, April 4th, 1891. Reported for the Bulletin by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max.	Min.
Saturday	42	25
Sunday	48	25
Monday	41	32
Tuesday	31	25
Wednesday	35	13
Thursday	44	28
Friday	54	28
Saturday	54	29

Rainfall 4 of an inch.

LARUE & PICARD,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

MAIN STREET, — — EDMONTON.

JUST ARRIVED BY TOM SMITH.

California and Ontario vegetable and Flower Seeds, also fine assortment of Candies and Biscuits, Fancy goods, Papetries, etc., etc. at BILODEAU & KELLY'S.

TENDERS

Sealed tenders will be received by the Board of Trustees, Belmont School District, up to Friday, April 10, for the following work, viz: putting a board fence round the school grounds; erecting a new water-closet and moving old one; cutting a new doorway in the school house and closing old one; and erecting a porch. Each tender to cover entire work. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Particulars on application to Mr. Davidson. By order, JAMES B. STEELE, Secretary.

NOTICE.

The Calgary and Edmonton Railway Company give notice that the maps or plans and book of reference and profiles of the company's line from the southeast quarter of section 20 township 38, range 27 west of the 4th initial meridian to the northwest 1/4 of section 9 township 52, range 24 west of 4th initial meridian in the District of North Alberta, have been duly deposited in the office of the registrar of deeds for the said district in accordance with the Statute in that behalf.

Dated March 10th, 1891.

R. A. SMITH,
Secretary Calgary & Edmonton
Railway Company.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT mail contractors, Calgary.



FANE & JONES,
Beaver Lake,
BRAND—Same as cut.
VENT—Bar through brand.
CATTLE BRANDS—2 F high
hip, and (Diamond D)

nigh hip and ribs. P. O. Address Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta, N. W. T.

ALL SAINTS CHURCH.

Services will be held in the above church every Sunday.

Morning service 11 o'clock.

Evening service 7 o'clock.

Sunday school in the afternoon on Sundays at 3 o'clock.

C. D. T. BECHER,
Church Warden.

METHODIST CHURCH SERVICES

by Rev C. A. Procnier as follows:

EDMONTON—11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
STURGEON—3 p. m. February 1st, 15th;
March 1st, 15th, 29th; April 12th and 26th.
POPLAR LAKE—3 p. m. February 8th;
March 8th; April 5th.
CLOVERBAR—3 p. m. February 22nd;
March 22nd; April 19th.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH SERVICES

FORT SASKATCHEWAN—April 12th and 26th,
May 10th and 24th, June 7th and 21st.

POPLAR LAKE—April 12th, May 10th, June 7th.

STURGEON RIVER—April 19th, May 17th,
June 14th.

BEAVER LAKE—April 26th, May 24th, June 21st.

CLOVER BAR—April 5th, May 3rd and 31st,
June 28th.

EDMONTON—11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

No morning service in Edmonton on Fort Saskatchewan days of service.

PROFESSIONAL

C. H. CONNOR, Advocate, Notary Public, Etc. Office, Main street, first building west of the post office. Edmonton, Alta.

H. C. WILSON, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.
OFFICE—Cor. Hardisty Avenue and Sixth Street.

S. TAYLOR, L. L. B.
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, NOTARY, ETC.
EDMONTON, ALBERTA, N. W. T.
Office: 1st building east of Goodridge's Hotel.

C. L. SHAW
BARRISTER, ADVOCATE, ETC.
EDMONTON.

GEORGE A. WATSON
BARRISTER, ETC.
LAW OFFICE: In building opposite Mr. McDougall's store.

BANKING.

P. DALY,
BANKER,
Drafts issued and collections made.
Office, P. Daly & Co's. Drug Store, Edmonton.

LAFFERTY & MOORE
Successors to Lafferty & Smith.
BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
BRANCHES
CALGARY, REGINA, MOOSOMIN, EDMONTON,
AND LETHBRIDGE.
C. F. STRANG, Manager, Edmonton.

BUSINESS.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

GEO. P. SANDERSON,
GENERAL BLACKSMITH.
HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.

STEWART D. MULKINS,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
RED DEER, ALBERTA

C. F. STRANG,
ACCOUNTANT, FIRE, LIFE, AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE AND GENERAL AGENT.
Representing the Citizens, Royal Canadian, Commercial Union, Quebec, and Glasgow & London Fire, the London & Lancashire Life and the London Guarantee & Accident Insurance Companies.
Registrar—Births, Marriages and Deaths.
Agent for Moore & Macdowall—LUMBER.
OFFICE—Lafferty & Moore's Bank, Main Street, Edmonton.

JAS. McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and Doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Office and shop at junction of Jasper avenue and Main street. P. O. Box, 107. JAS. McDONALD.

LIVERY & FEED STABLES.
Established 1881
MCCAULEY & IBBOTSON Proprietors.
Main Street, Edmonton, Alberta.
First class Rigs & good Drivers. Terms reasonable.

T. B. HENDERSON,
TAILOR AND PHOTOGRAPHER.
Orders in both branches executed in first class style. Charges moderate. Shop and gallery, first building north of post office.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.
The Cosmopolitan Life Association, Head Office, Toronto, is appointing reliable agents all over Canada. The Cosmopolitan is a deservng Home Company and its policies are finding their way into Canadian homes. Applications for territory should be made at once.

DON'T SEND AWAY FOR YOUR
Supply of Garden Seeds but get them of us and save your cash by giving us produce. We buy fresh seeds in bulk and put up our own packages. Order from us early.

P. DALY & CO. FLOUR & FEED,
EDMONTON.

A. F. DEGAGNE, Carpenter and Contractor. Plans and Specifications furnished. Mill-wright work a specialty. Doors and Sash on hand.
Victoria Avenue, next Registry Office, Edmonton, Alberta.

HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick hotel in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

WINDSOR HOTEL.

REGINA.

The leading hotel in the Territories.
MRS. DOIG, Proprietress.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, south side of Main street. First class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. X. ST. JEAN, Proprietor.

ALBERTA HOTEL.—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T. This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests.
L. KELLY, Proprietor.

LUMBER.

FRASER & CO.

Have on hand a Large Stock of

DRY LUMBER,

Which they will sell at the following rates:

Rough Lumber, per M.....\$20.00
Stock Boards, per M..... 25.00
Dimensions:
Up to 16 feet, per M..... 20.00
Each additional foot, \$1.00
Plank, rough,..... 20.00
" dressed on 1 side \$30; 2 sides 35.00
Rough Battens, per M..... 25.00
Fence Pickets, rough, per bundle..... 3.00
" dressed and pointed..... 4.00
Shelving, 1x10, dressed on 2 sides 32.50
Inch Lumber, dressed on one side 30.00
Wainscoting, 1x3, dressed on one side and beaded, per M..... 40.00
Lath, per b'dle.....\$ 7. Shingles, per M 4.00
Panel, per M..... 35. Base, per M, 40.00
Flooring, per M..... 40. Siding, per M, 40.00
5 casing p. lineal ft. 2c. O. G. crown..... 2c
Quarter round..... 1c
Beading, per lineal foot..... 1c
Band Moulding, per lineal foot..... 2c
Sills 6x6 per lineal ft. Spruce 8c Tamarac 10c
" 8x8 " " " 10c " 12c
" 10x10 " " " 12c " 14c
On bills of \$300 and upwards 10 per cent. off for cash within thirty days.

Doors and Sash on hand and made to order.
FLOUR, BARLEY FLOUR,
CHOP FEED.
FRASER & CO.

LUMBER.

MOORE & MACDOWALL, (Limited),

will sell lumber at Edmonton at the following rates

Rough lumber per M \$20. Stock boards M \$25
Dimensions:
Up to 16 feet \$20; for each additional ft \$1.00
Plank, rough, \$20; dressed on 1 side 30.00
" Dressed on both sides 35.00
Flooring per M \$40. Siding per M \$40
Rough Battens per M \$25.
Fence Pickets, rough, per b'dle..... 3.00
" Dressed and pointed 4.00
Shingles, per M \$4.00. Lath per b'dle 7.00
Base " " \$40.00. Panel per M \$35.00
Shelving 1x10 per M dressed 2 sides... 32.50
Inch lumber dressed 1 side per M..... 30.00
Wainscoting 1x3 dressed 1 side and beaded, per M..... 40.00
Beading per lineal ft 1c. Band moulding 2c
5 casing per lineal ft 2c O.G. crown " 2c
Quarter round " " 1c
Sills 6x6 per lineal ft. Spruce 8c Tamarac 10c
" 8x8 " " " 10c " 12c
" 10x10 " " " 12c " 14c
On bills of \$300 and upwards 10 per cent. off or cash within thirty days.
Special rates for points down the river.

C. F. STRANG, Agent.

IF YOU ARE IN WANT

of Sash, Doors, Frames, Plans, Specifications, Saws filed, furniture made, Vegetable plants, Flower plants, or Joiner work done, you can be supplied by calling at the premises North end Fraser avenue, Edmonton. Prices right and cash terms.

J. KNOWLES.